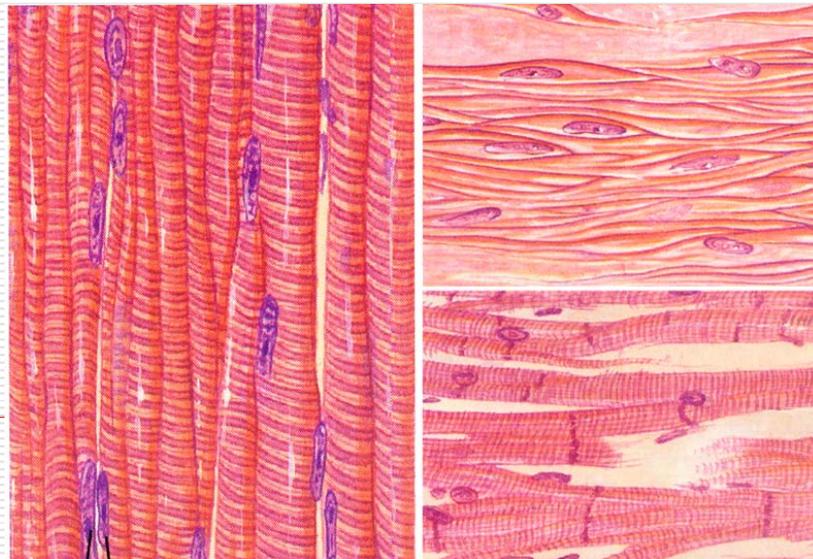

Chapter 7 Muscle Tissue

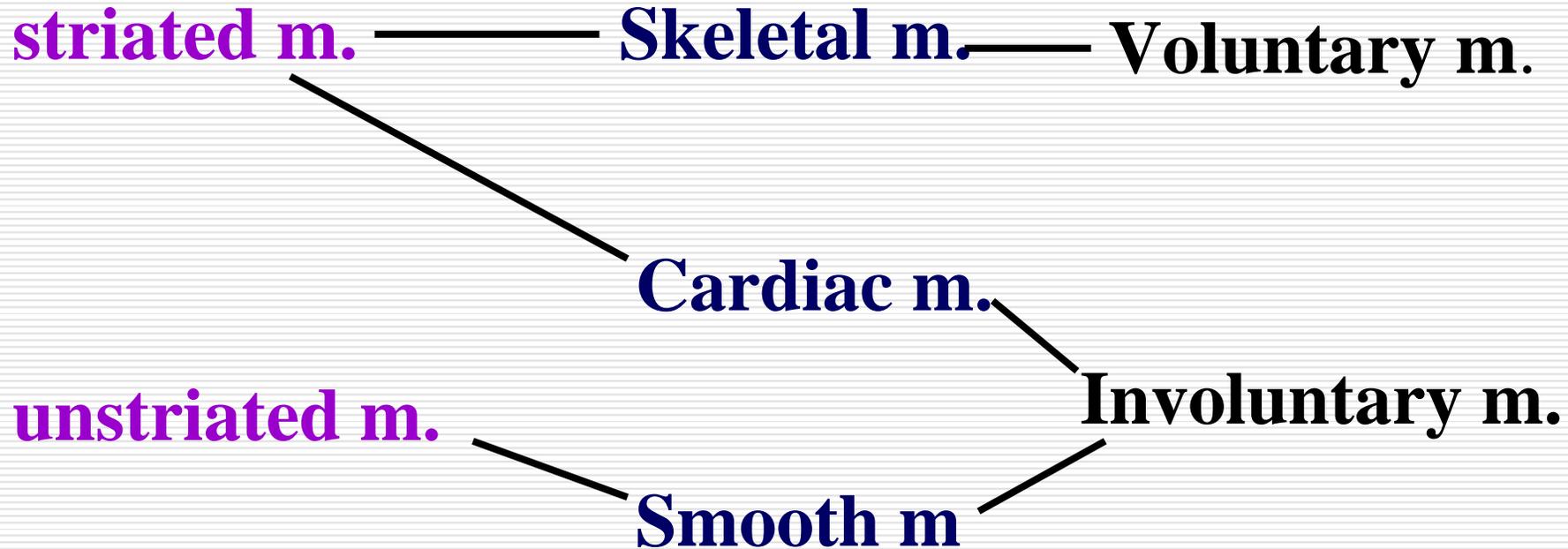
Liu Jiamei

Organization:

- Muscle cell-----muscle fiber
- Membrane of muscle C.---sarcolemma
- Cytoplasm of muscle C.----sarcoplasm
- Smooth endoplasmic reticulum--
sarcoplasmic reticulum



Classification:

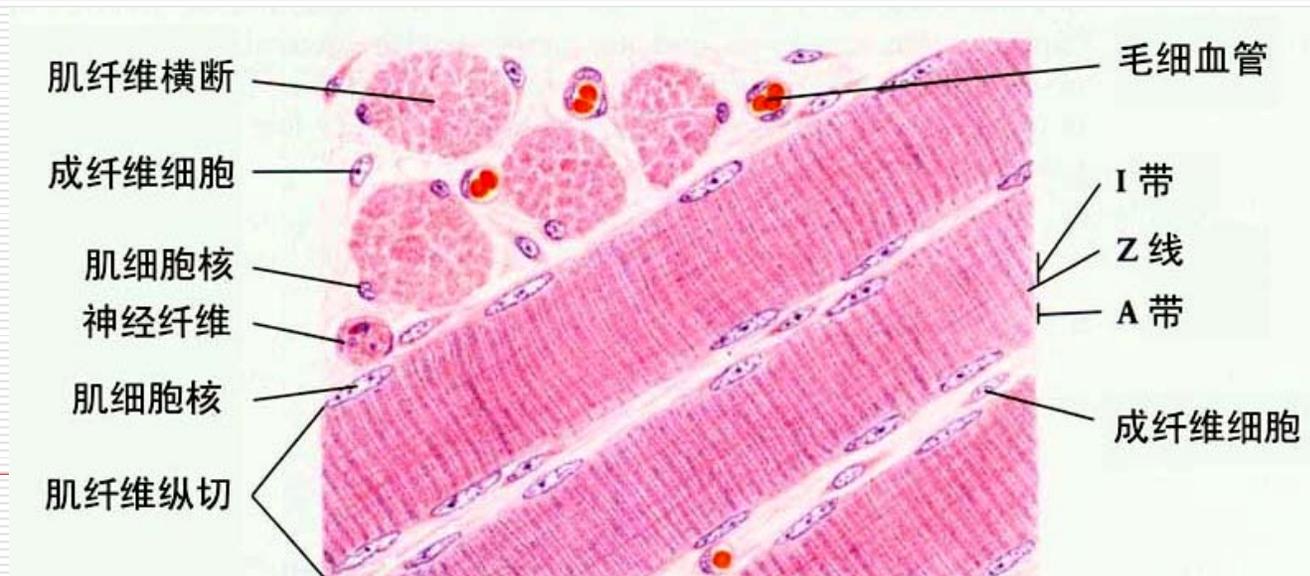


I .Skeletal muscle

1.General structure of skeletal muscle

LM: long cylinder shape cell, multinucleated cell,

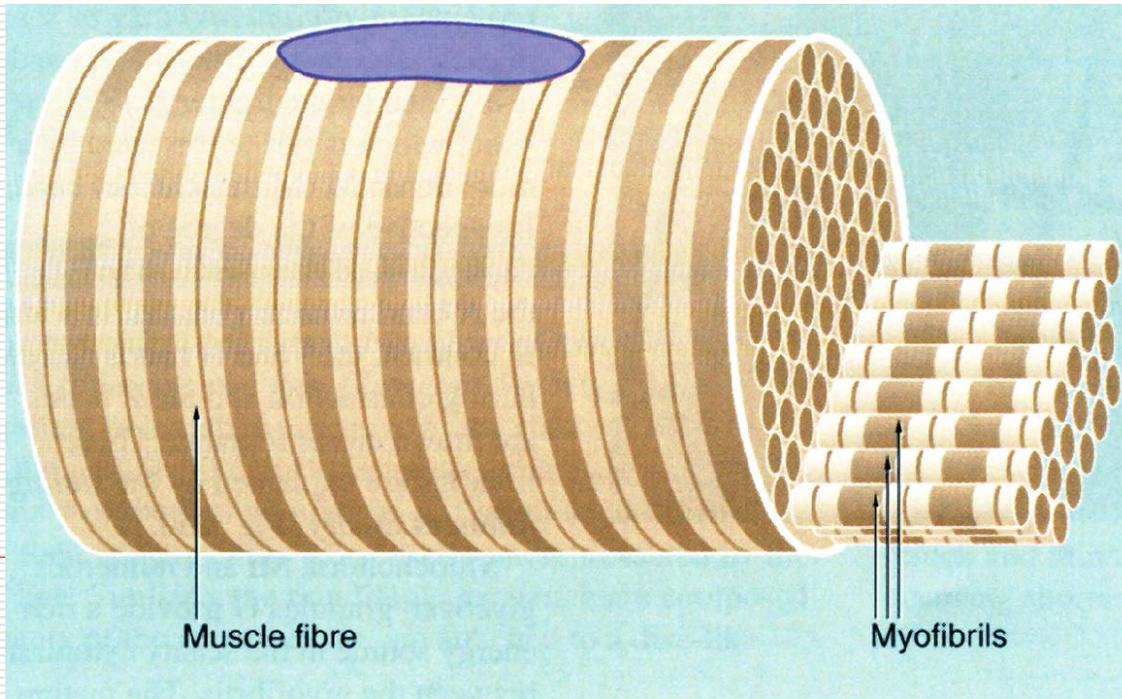
oval nuclei located under the sarcolemma, pale staining



Myofibril :

light bands (I band): Z line

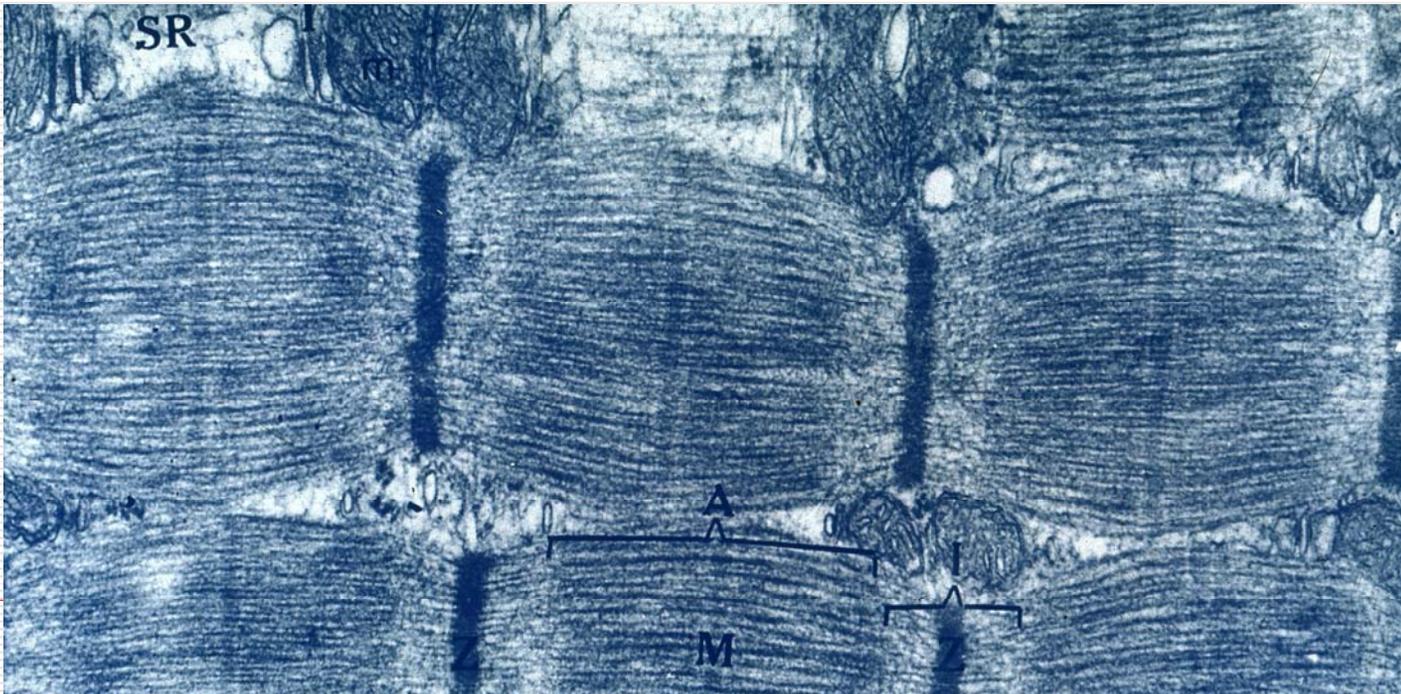
dark bands (A band)



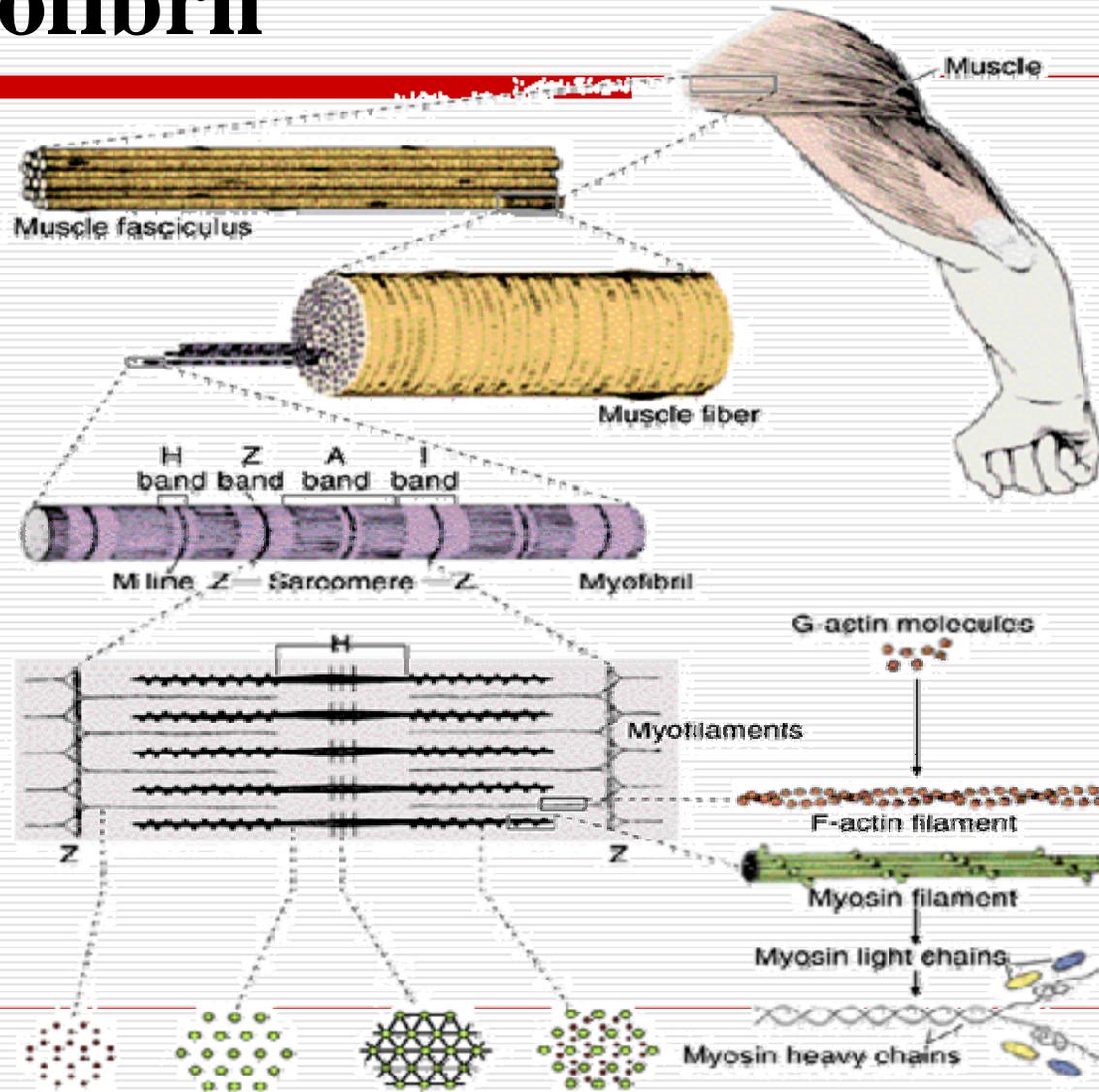
2. Ultrastructure of skeletal muscle

2.1 Myofibril

- long , parallel , cylindrical filamentous bundles
- consisting of two types of myofilament (thin & thick)



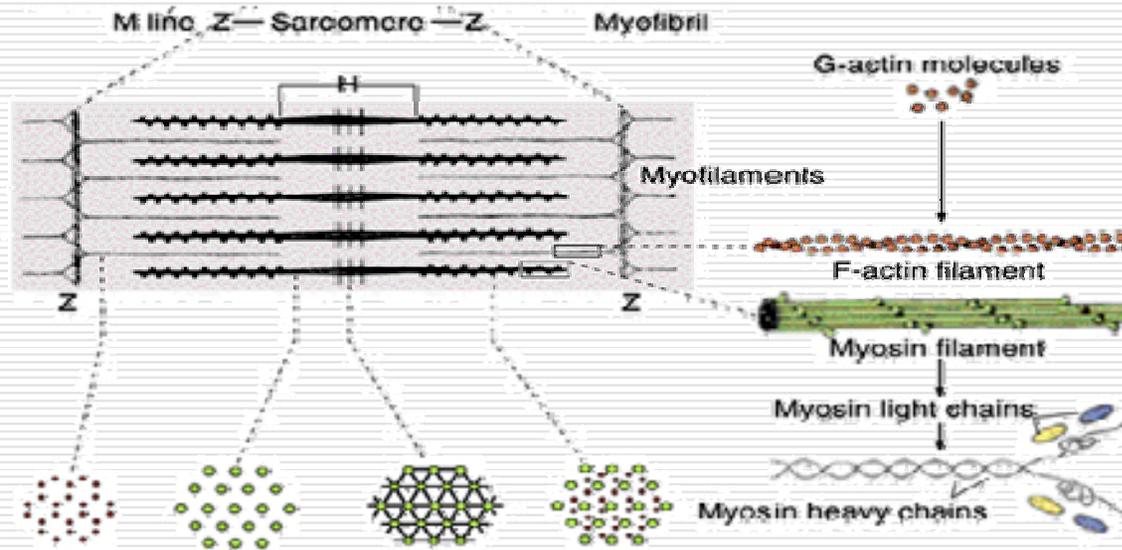
2.1 Myofibril



Sarcomere

the segment between two adjacent Z line

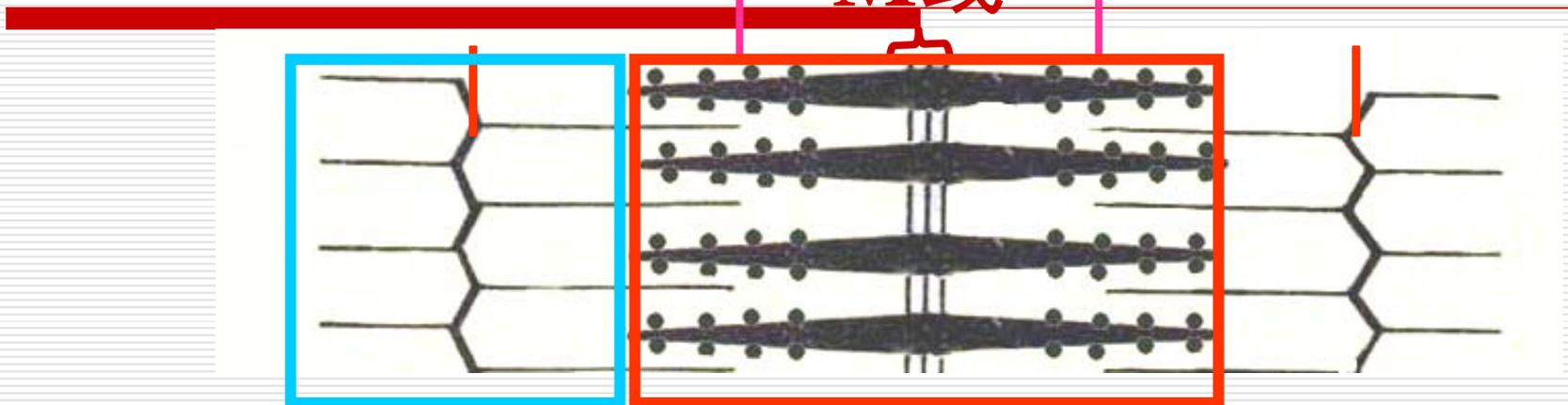
1/2 light band + dark band + 1/2 light band



sarcomere

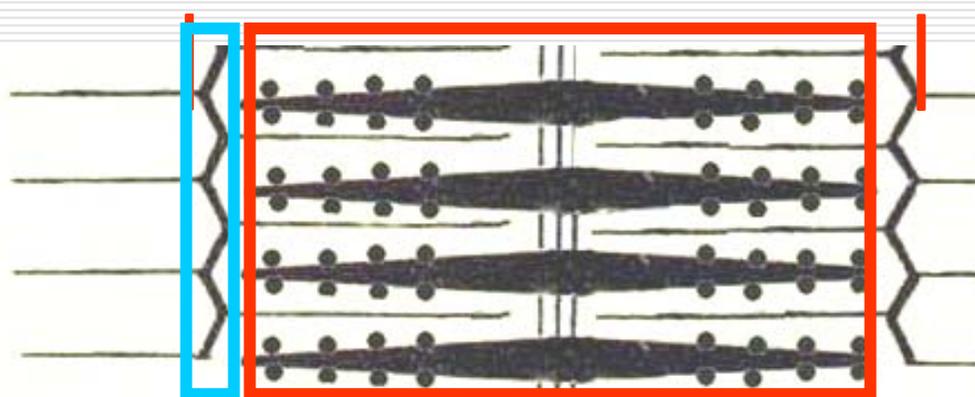
Relaxation:

Z线 H带
M线 Z线

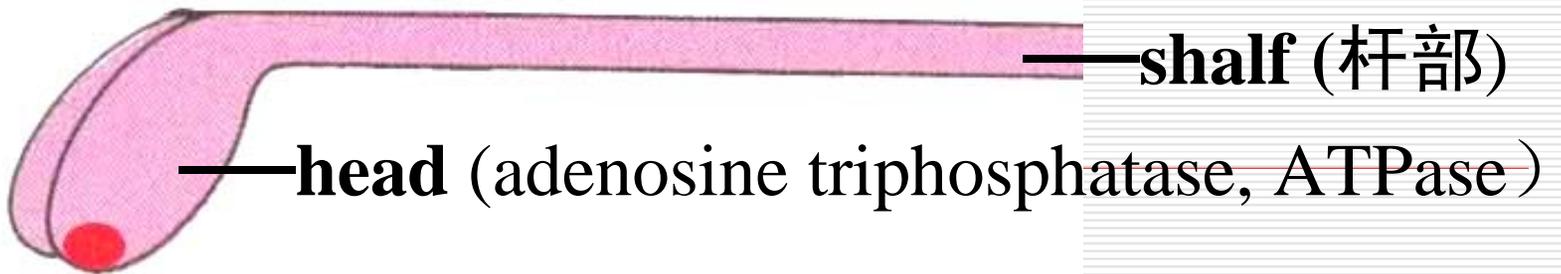
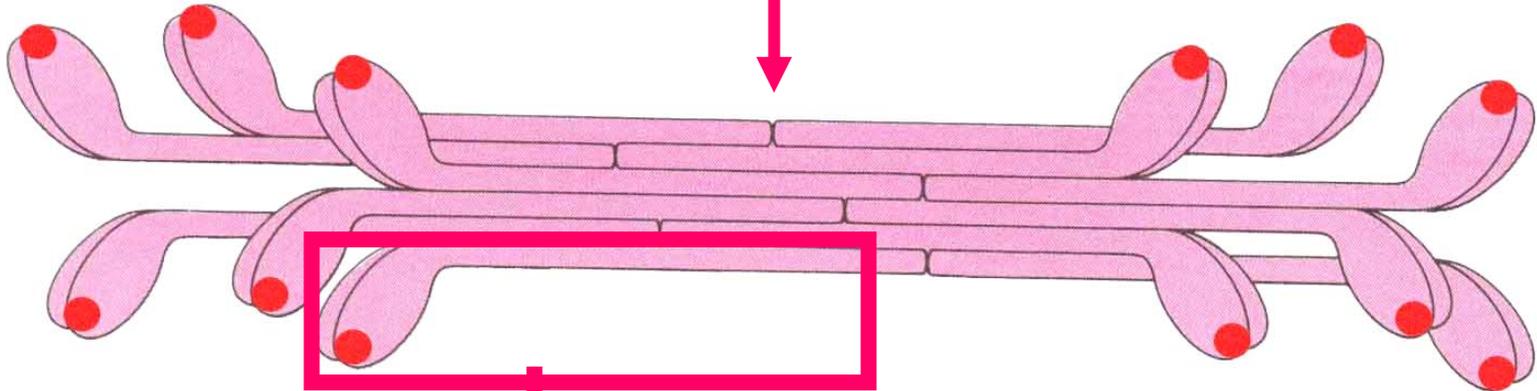
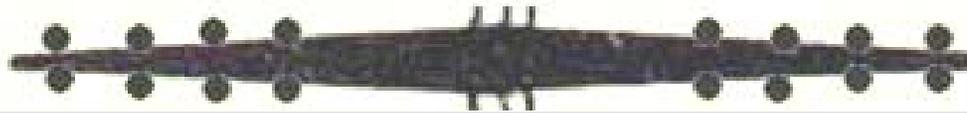


Z线 Z线

Contraction:

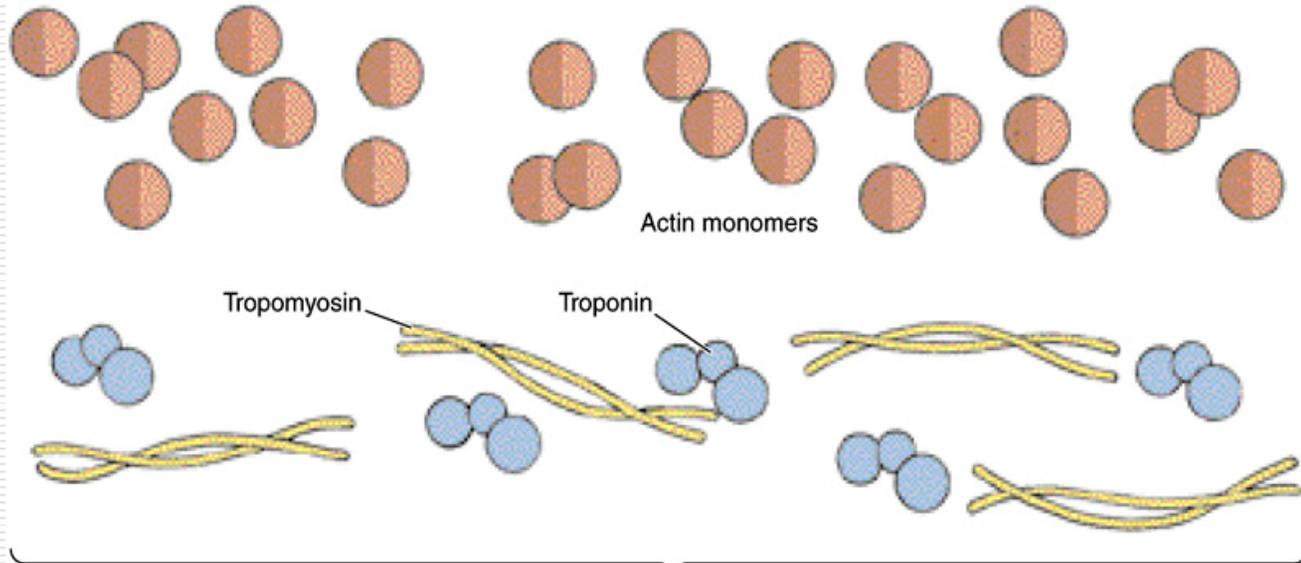


(1) Thick myofilament (myosin)

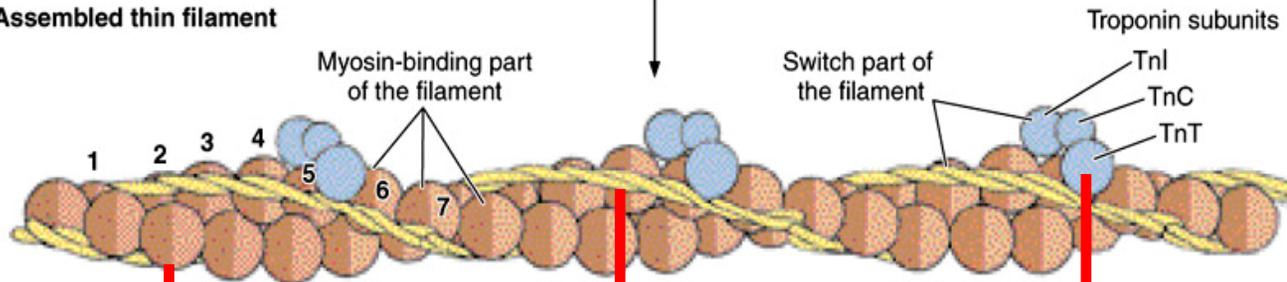


(2) Thin myofilament

Disassembled components of the thin filament



Assembled thin filament

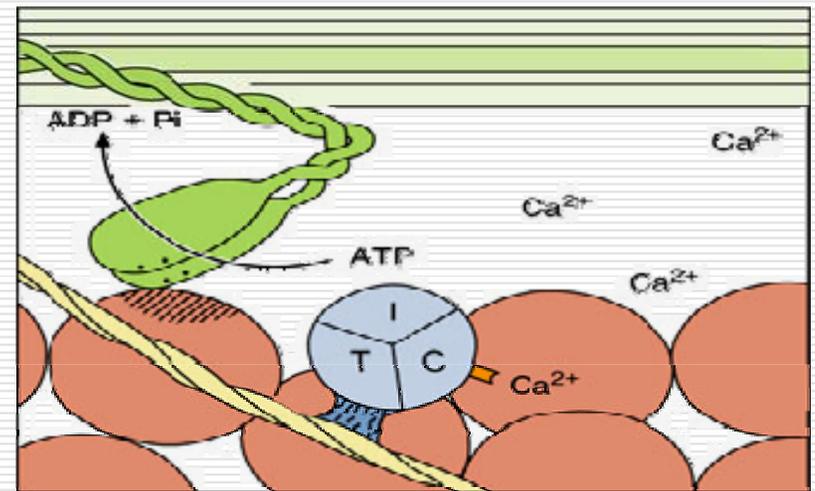
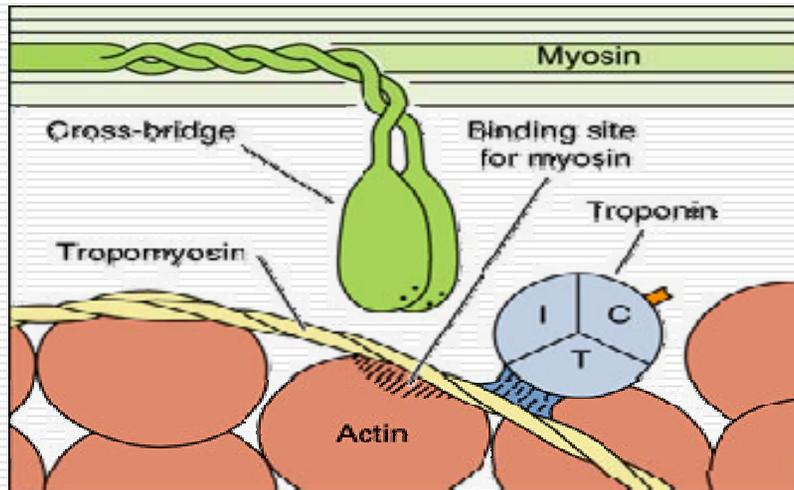


肌动蛋白

原肌球蛋白

肌钙蛋白

Contractile principle of skeletal muscle fiber

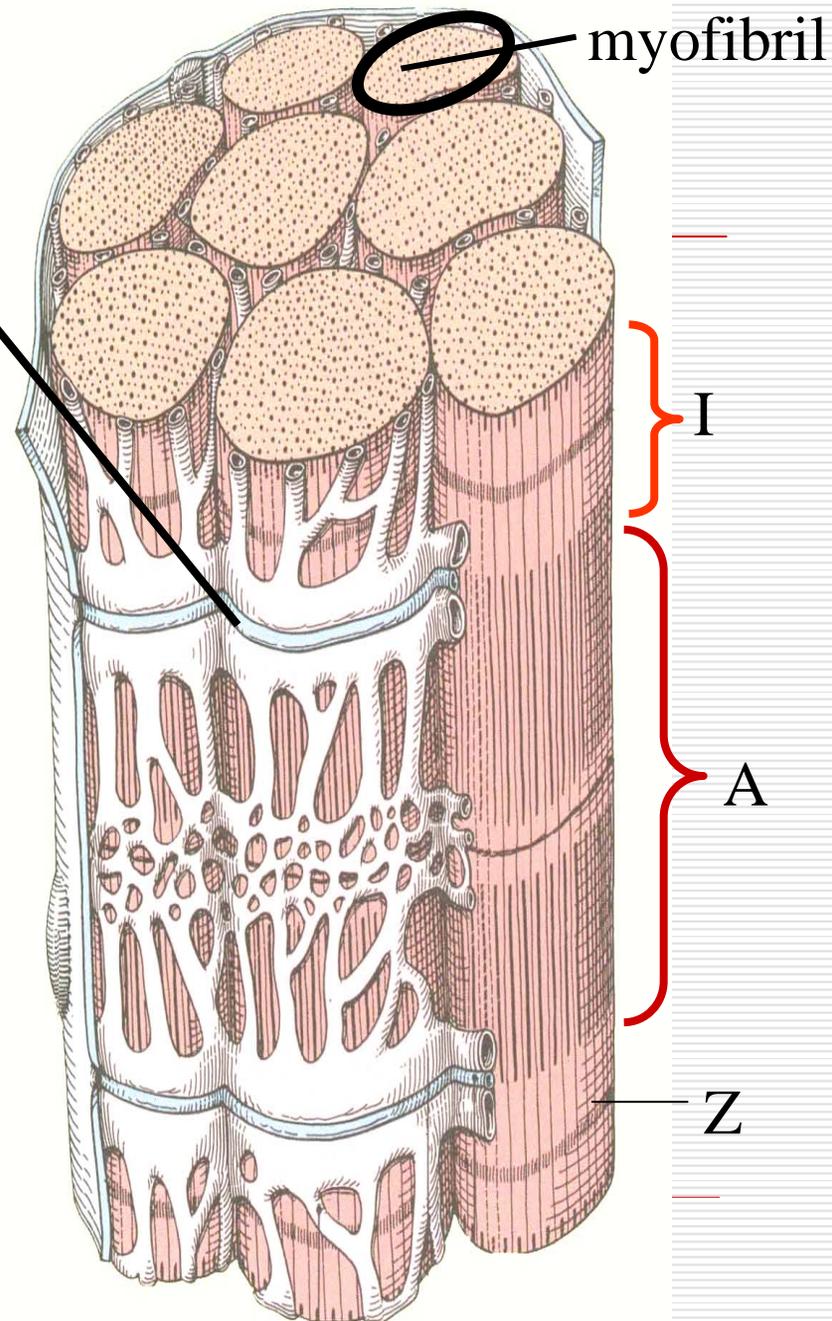


Total Video Converter
<http://effectmatrix.com>



2.2 Transverse tubule

- * invaginations of the surface sarcolemma
- * lying as rings around each myofibril
- * located at A-I junction
- * providing for the rapid spread throughout the entire muscle fiber of surface membrane excitation.

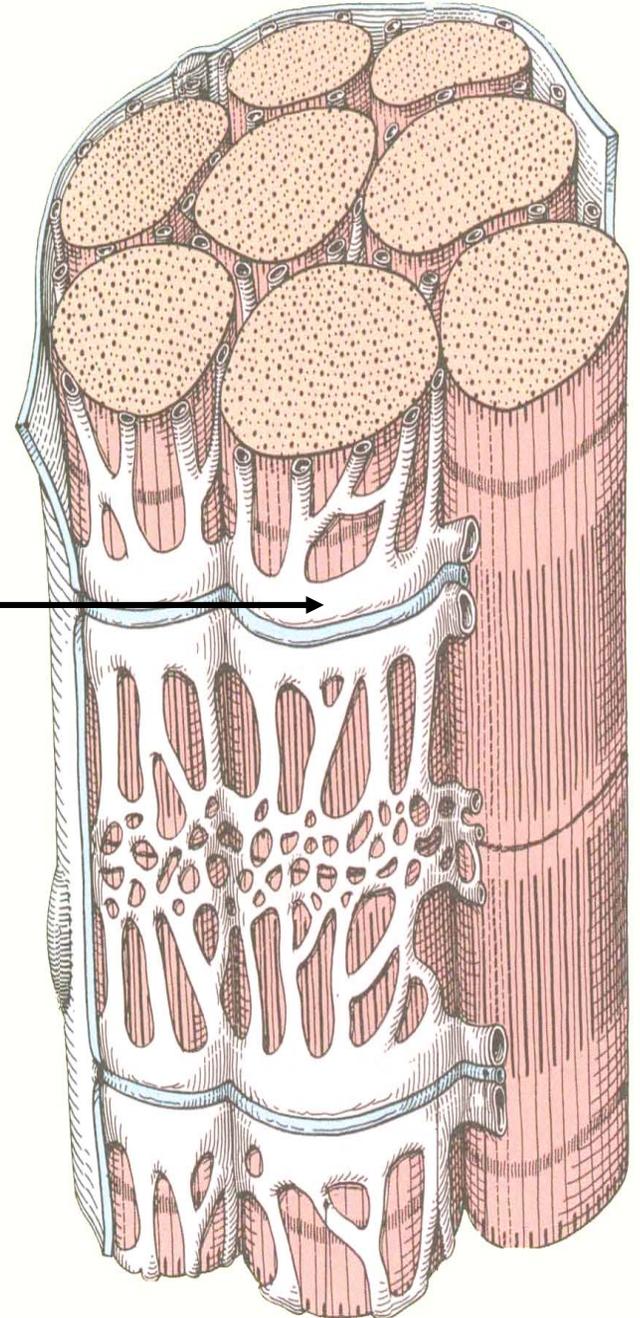


2.3 sarcoplasmic reticulum

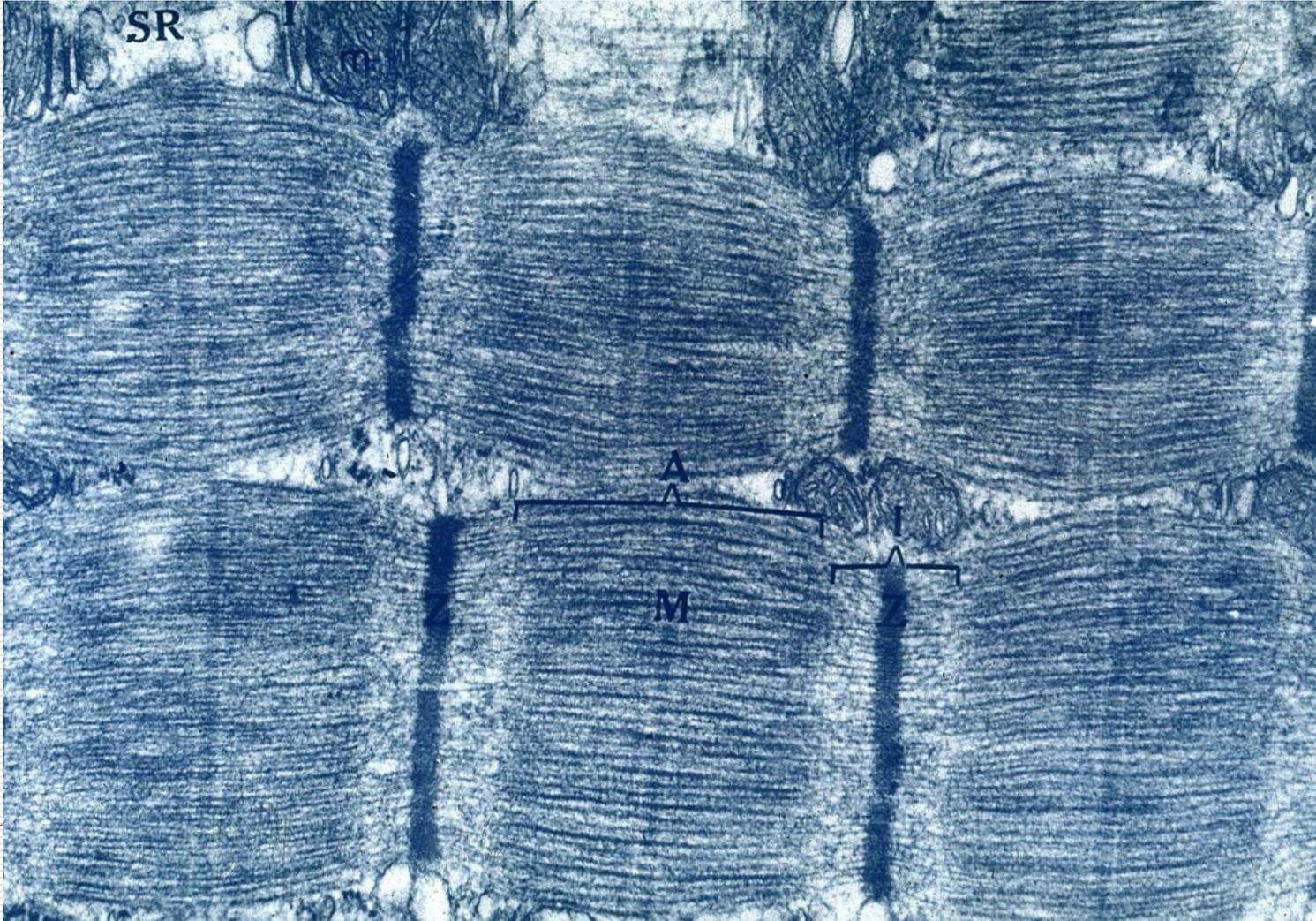
- longitudinal tubule
- terminal cisternae

Triad

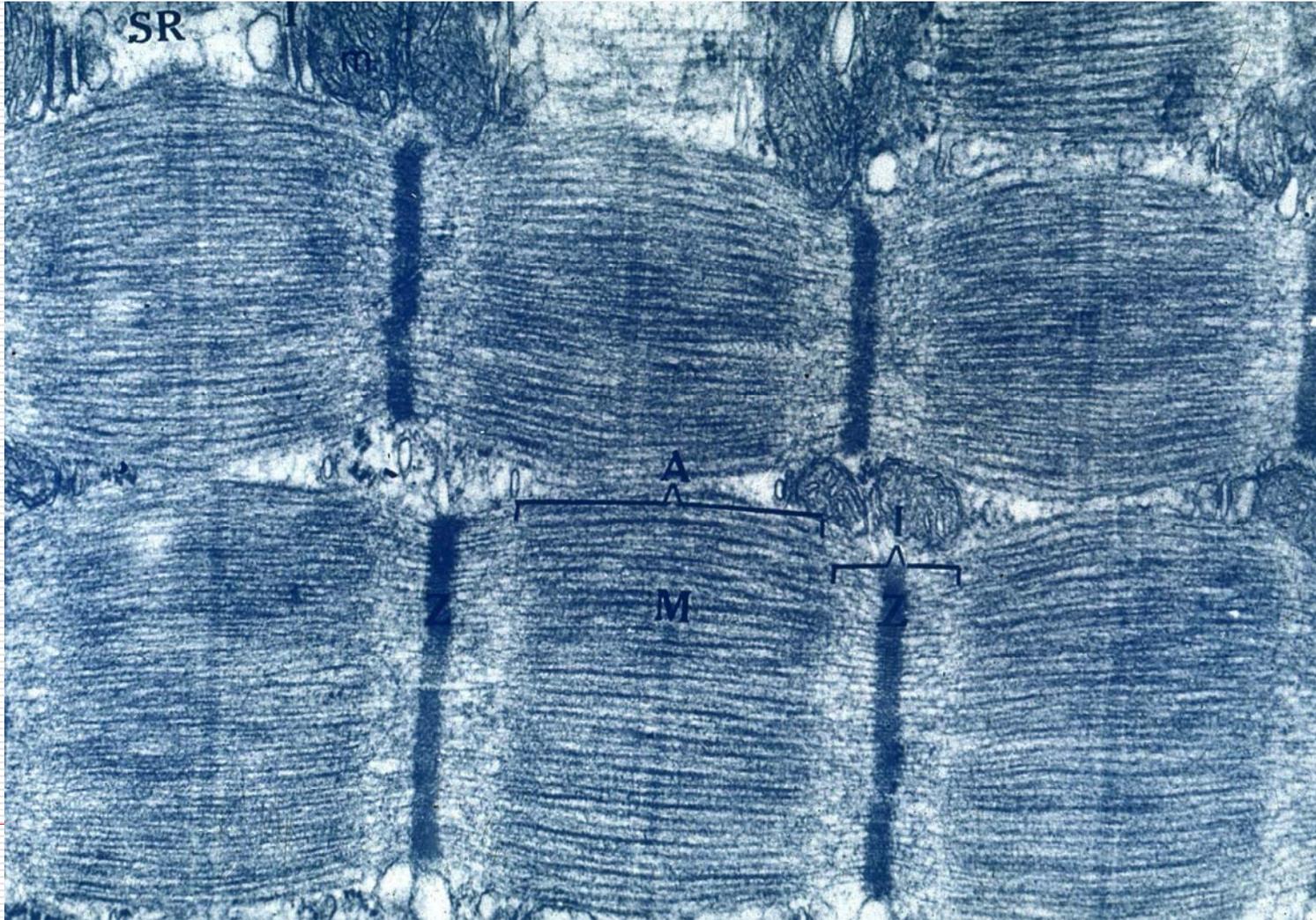
the T tubule is sandwiched between two terminal cisternae.



Triad



2.4 Mitochondria

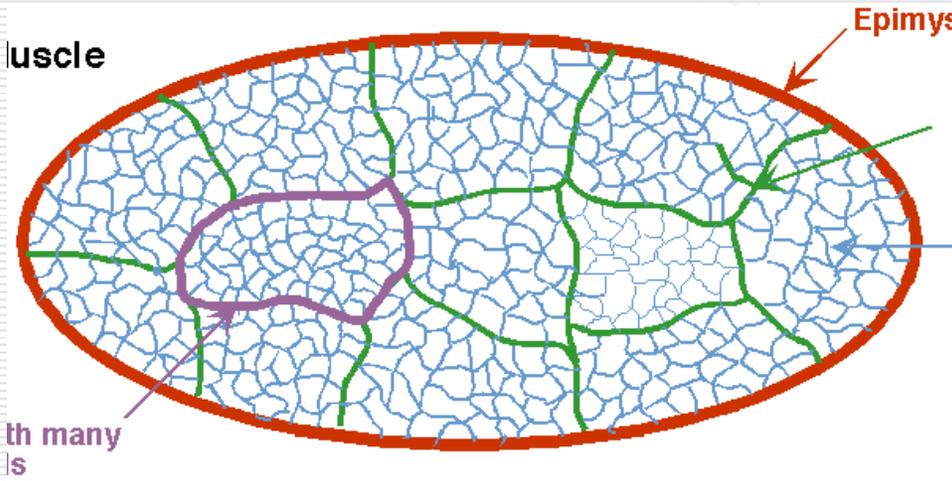
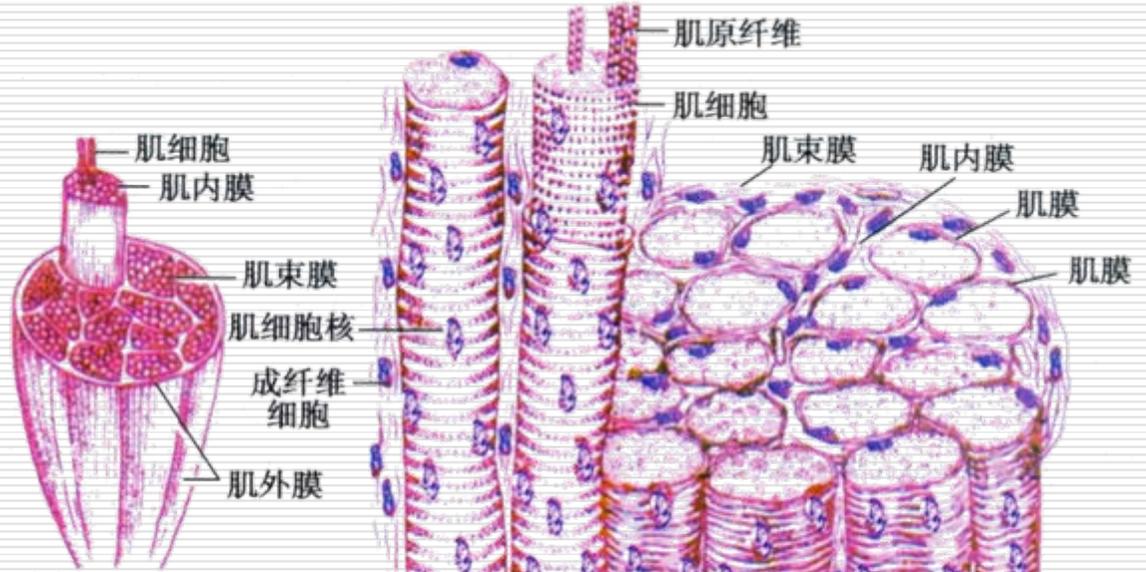


muscle

Epimysium

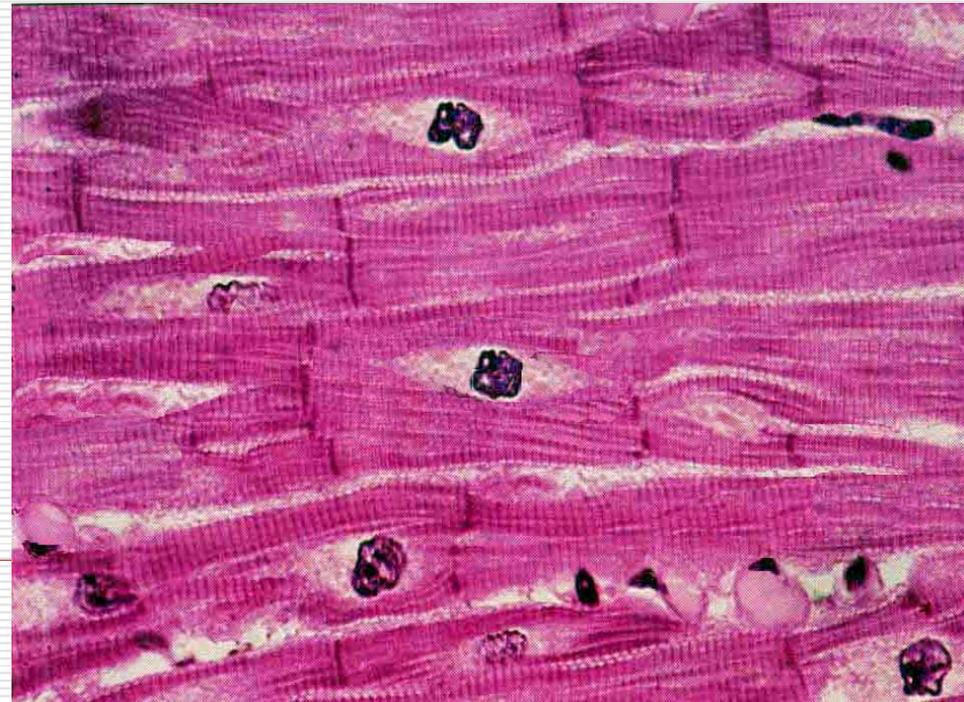
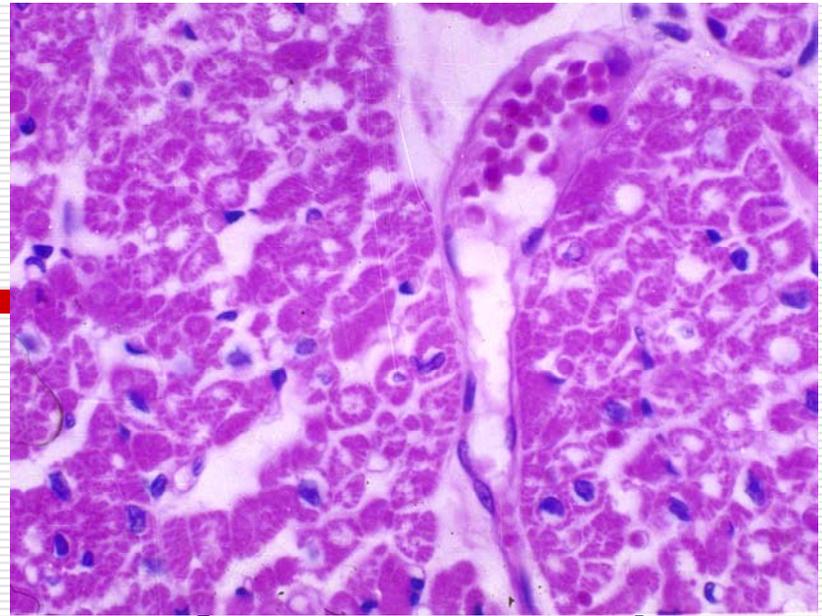
Perimysium

Endomysium



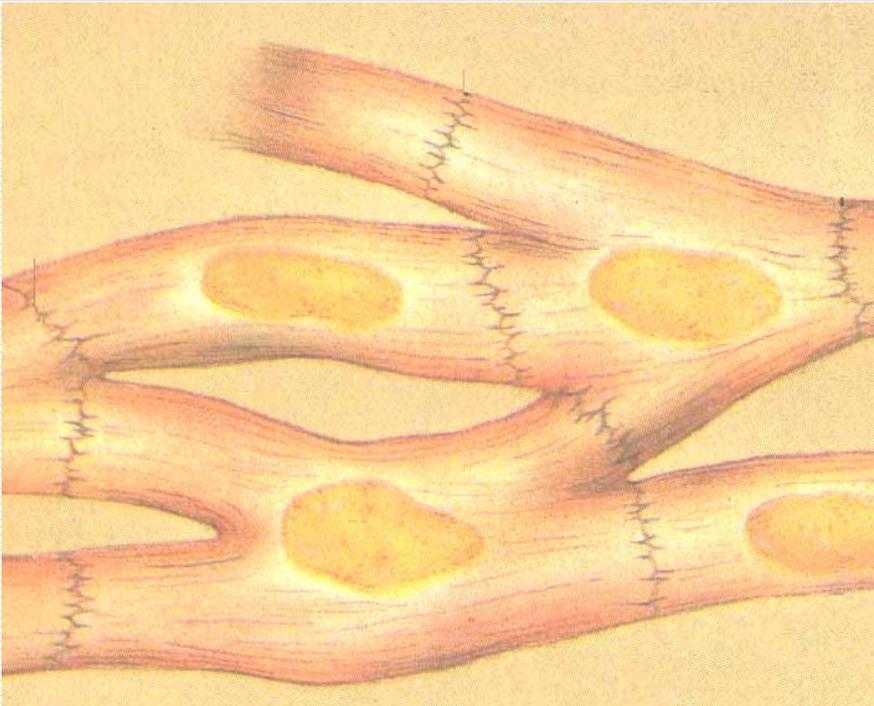
II. Cardiac muscle

- short cylindrical shape
- to be branched
- the central location of the nucleus, one or two nucleus per fiber
- cross striation
- myofibril
- intercalated disks



Intercalated disk:

Dark staining transverse lines between adjacent cardiac muscle cells



EM:

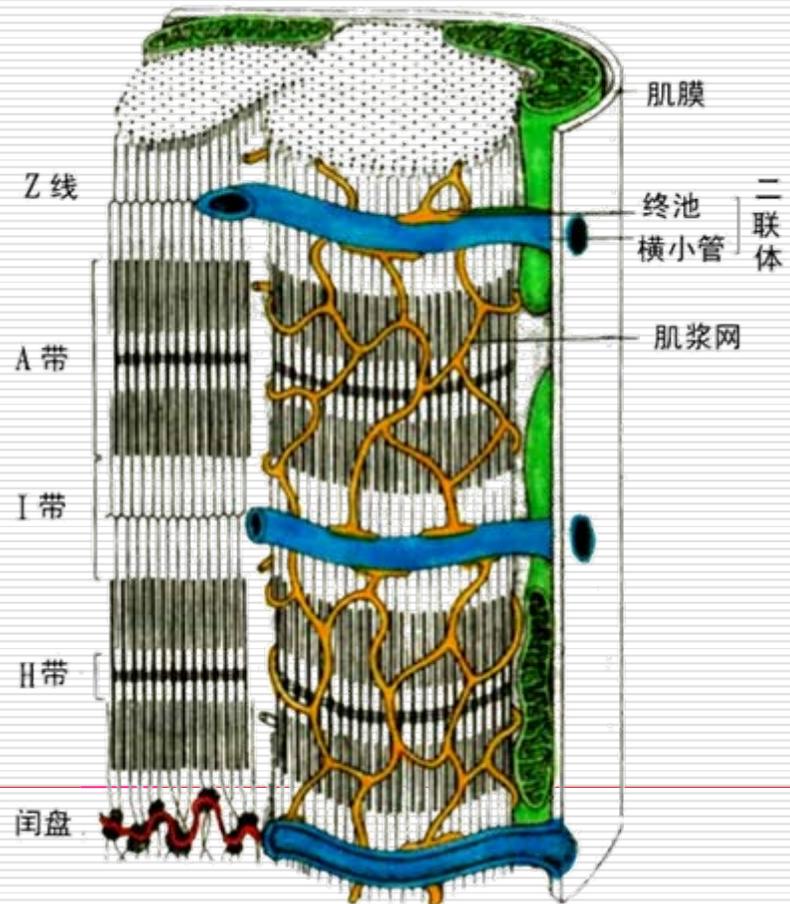
*containing myofilaments, but myofibril is not well defined

*sarcoplasmic reticulum is less developed

*T tubeles are much wider located in the Z lines.

*Diad

* intercalated disk

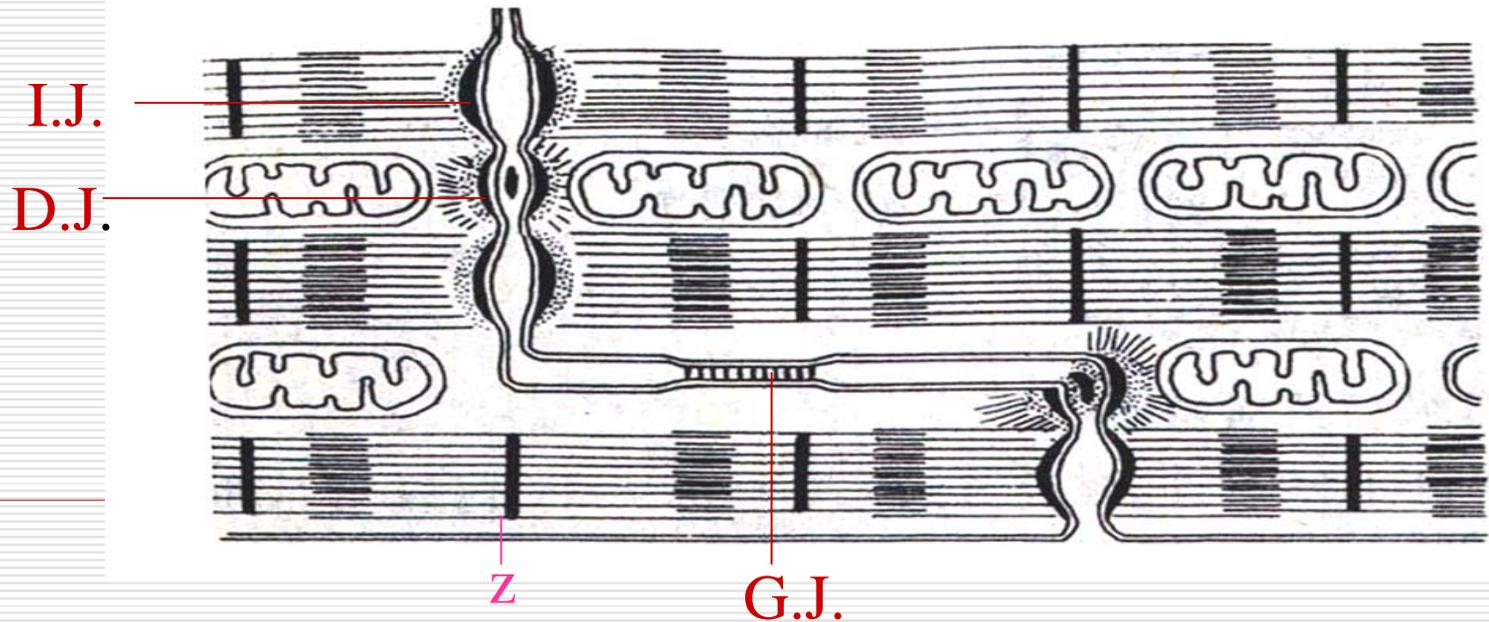


Intercalated disc

Specialized cell junctions located at Z lines

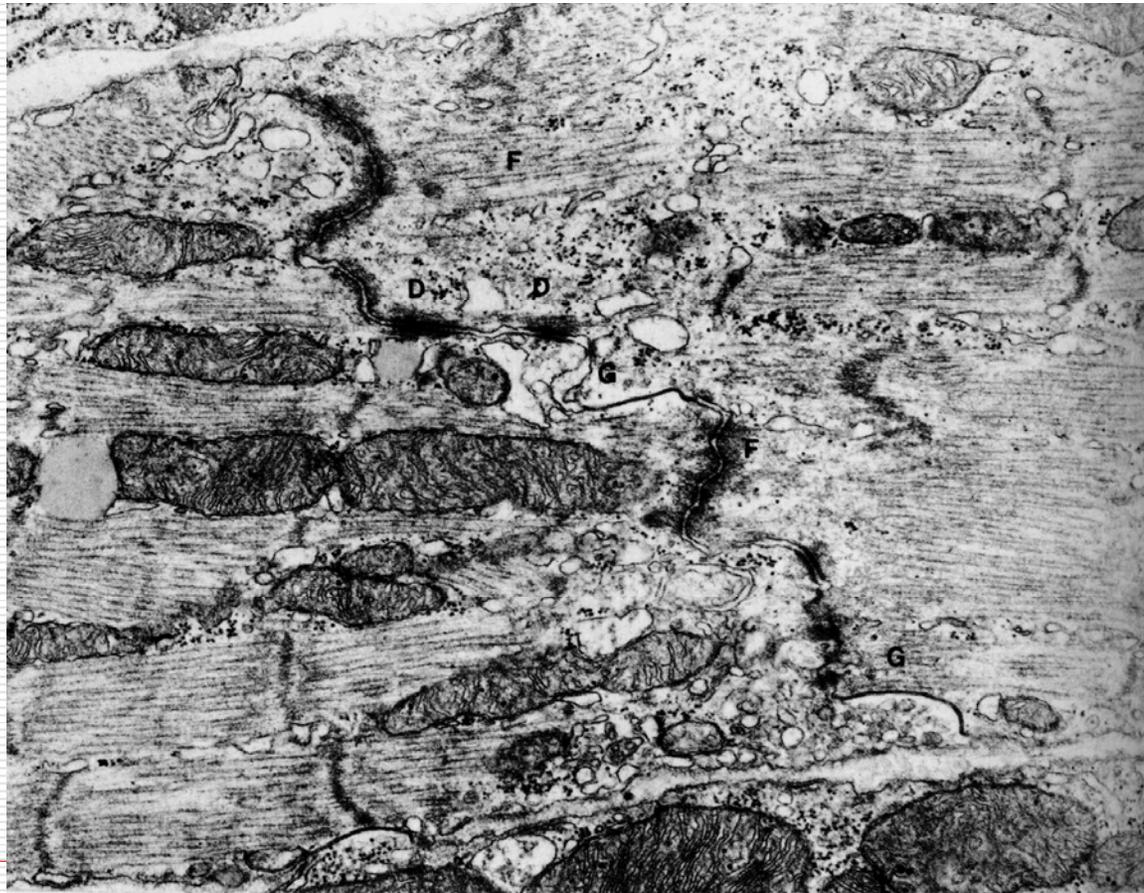
transverse region: intermediate/desmosomes j.

longitudinal region: gap junction

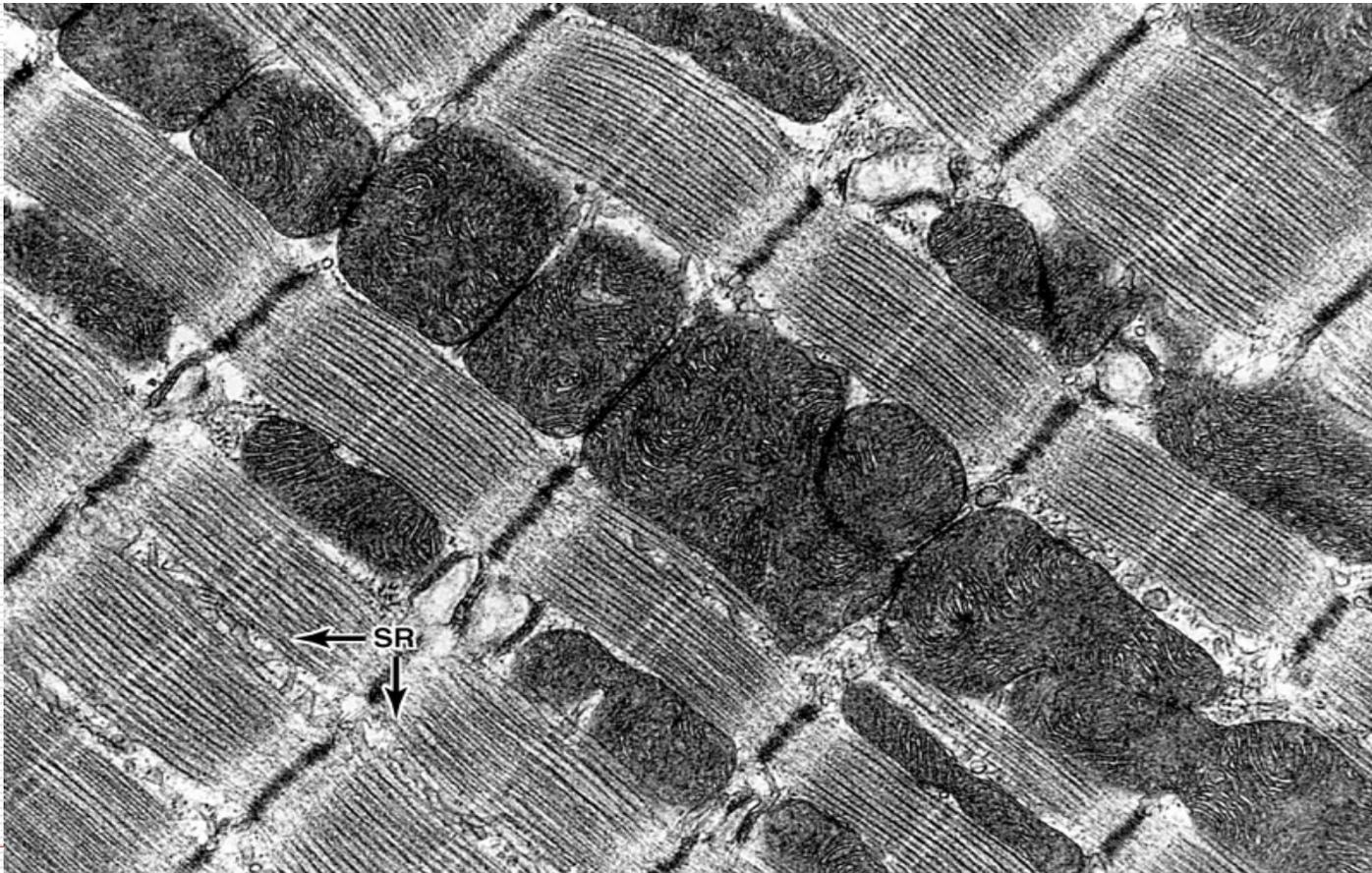


Intercalated disk

EM:



Very large and rich mitochondria



Different points:

1 Myofibril bundles

2 T tubule (Z line level)

3 Sarcoplasmic reticulum(diad)

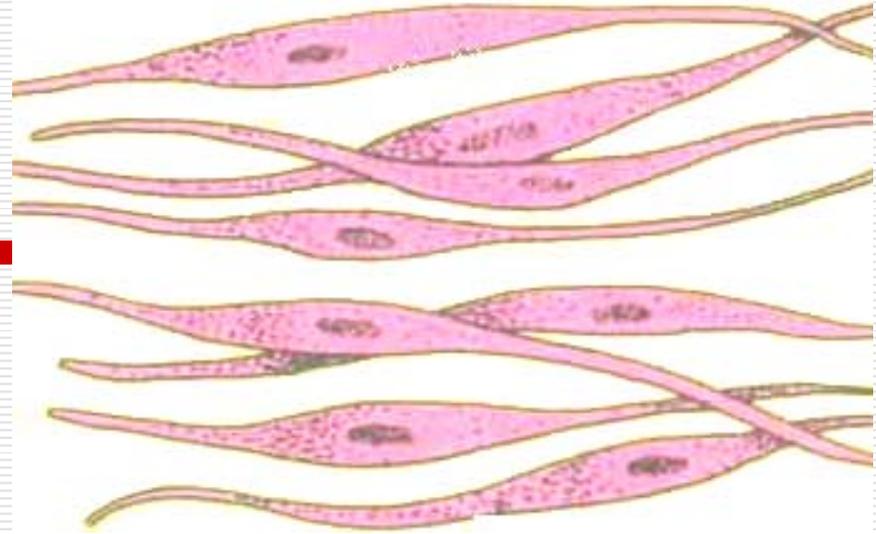
4 Intercalated disk

5 Very large and rich mitochondria

III. Smooth Muscle

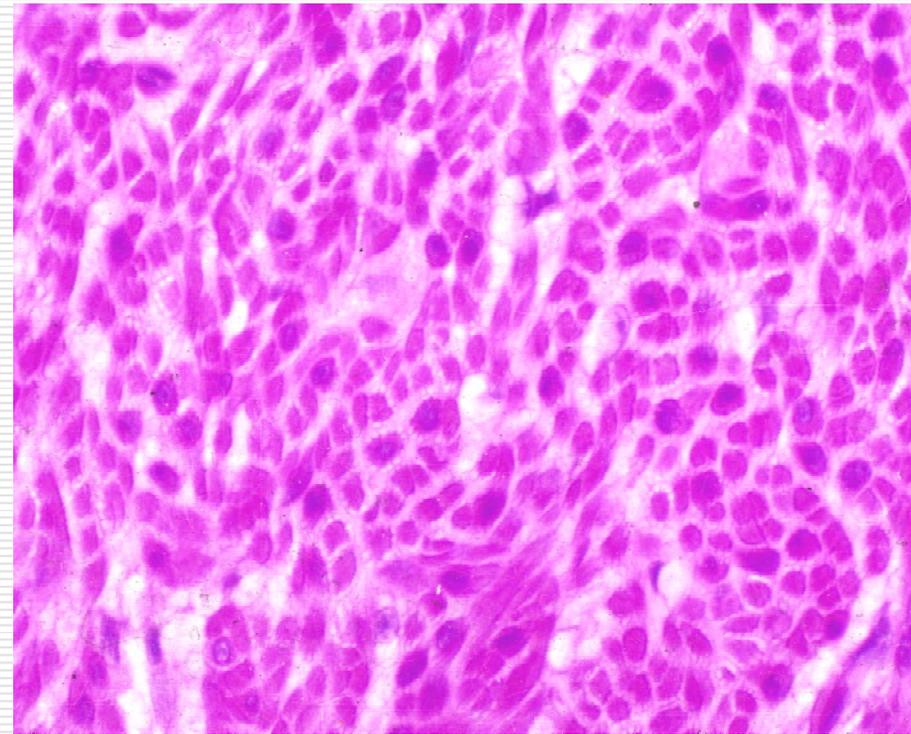
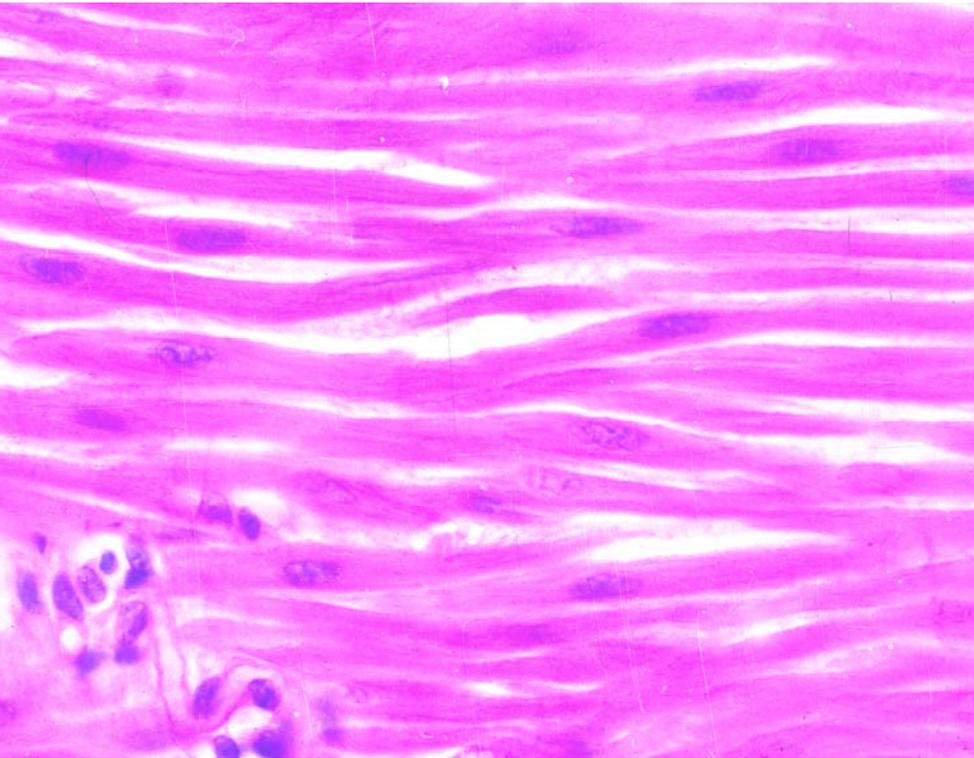
1. General structure

LM: Longer spindle shape cell, a single nucleus located in the center of cell (dark staining), eosinophilic and nonstriated cytoplasm



III. Smooth Muscle

LM

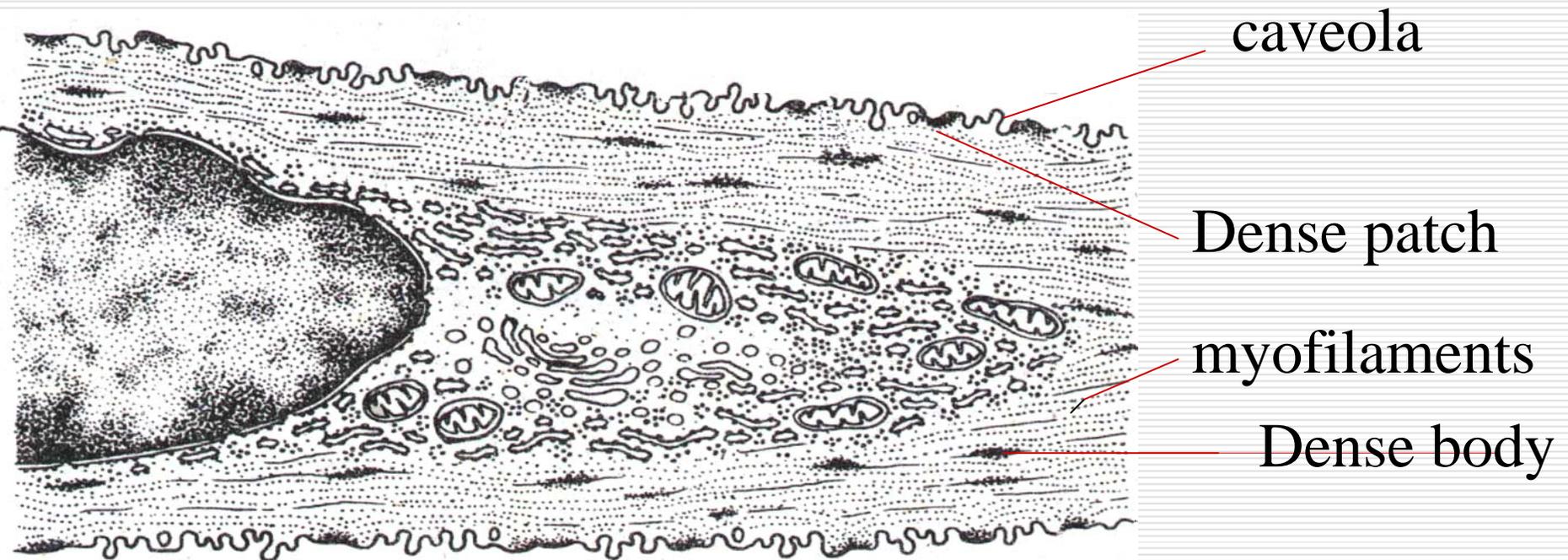


2. Ultrastructure of smooth muscle

① dense area: (equal to Z membrane)

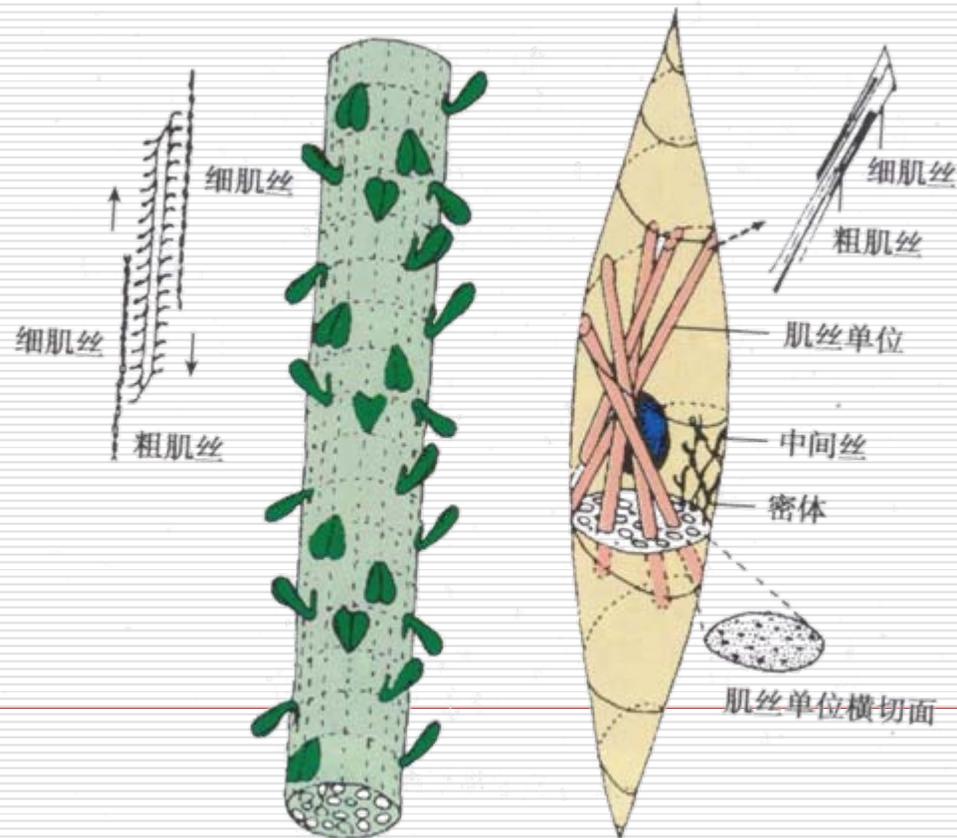
② dense body:

③ caveola:



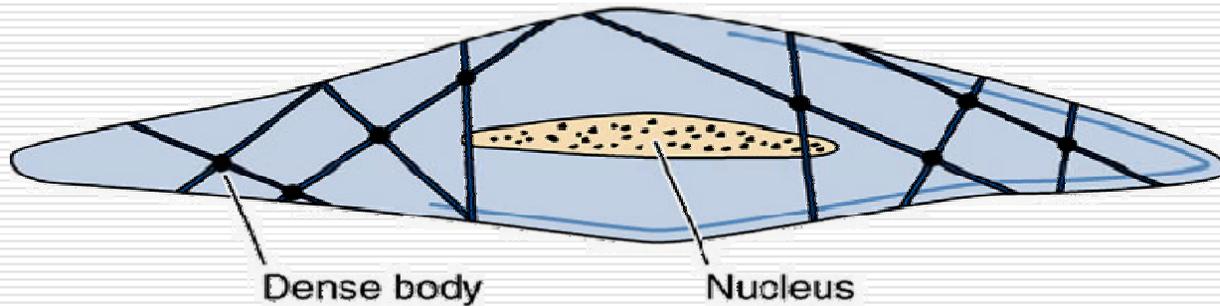
④ myofilament:

thick filament 、 thin filament

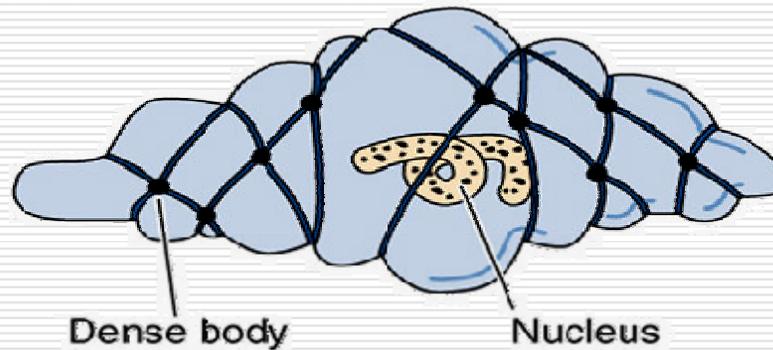


Contraction of smooth muscle fiber (model)

Relaxed smooth muscle cell



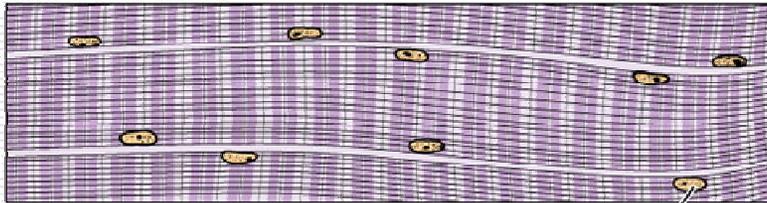
Contracted smooth muscle cell



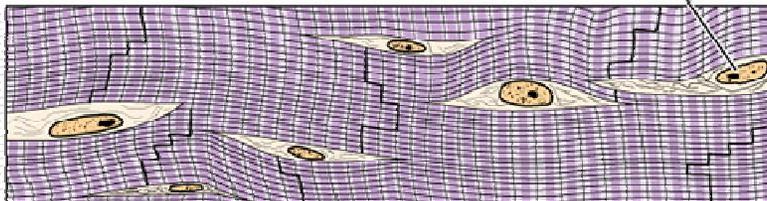
Compare with three kinds of muscle fibers under light microscope(model)

Muscle types

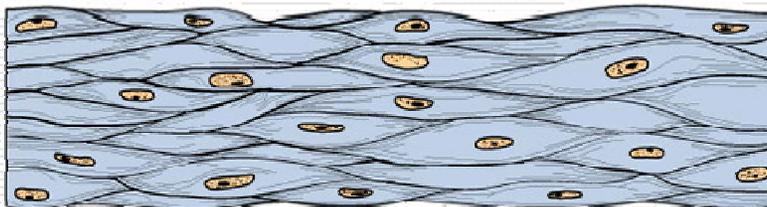
Skeletal muscle



Cardiac muscle



Smooth muscle

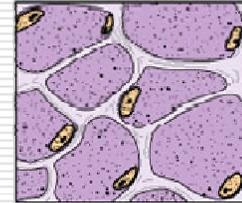


Intercalated disks

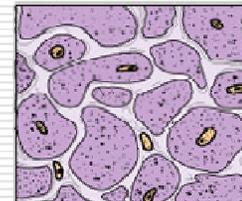
Nuclei

Activity

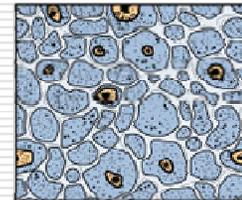
Cross sections



Strong, quick
discontinuous
voluntary
contraction



Strong, quick
continuous
involuntary
contraction



Weak, slow
involuntary
contraction
